

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
CIVIL MINUTES—
GENERAL

Case No. 5:23-cv-02137-SSS-SPx

Date October 23, 2023

Title *Maria Garcia v. Karen M. Freeman, et al.*

Present: The Honorable SUNSHINE S. SYKES, UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

Irene Vazquez

Not Reported

Deputy Clerk

Court Reporter

Attorney(s) Present for Plaintiff(s):

Attorney(s) Present for Defendant(s):

None Present

None Present

**Proceedings: ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE WHY THE COURT SHOULD
NOT DENY SUPPLEMENTAL JURISDICTION**

On October 17, 2023, Plaintiff Maria Garcia filed her Complaint asserting a claim for injunctive relief arising out of an alleged violation of the American with Disabilities Act (“ADA”), 42 U.S.C. §§ 12182(a), 12182(b)(A)(i)–(iv), and 12183(a)(2); a claim for damages pursuant to California’s Unruh Civil Rights Acts (“Unruh Act”), Cal. Civ. Code § 52; a claim for damages pursuant to California’s Disabled Persons Act, Cal. Civ. Code §§ 54.1(a)–(d); a claim for damages pursuant to the California Health & Safety Code § 19955, *et seq.*; and a claim for damages pursuant to a state law negligence theory. [Dkt. 1]. As the Unruh Act, the California Disabled Persons Act, the California Health & Safety Code, and the negligence claims are all pursuant to state law, as opposed to a federal law, the Court would only possess supplemental jurisdiction over them. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a).

The supplemental jurisdiction statute “reflects the understanding that, when deciding whether to exercise supplemental jurisdiction, ‘a federal court should consider and weigh in each case, and *at every stage of the litigation*, the values of

judicial economy, convenience, fairness, and comity.’” *City of Chicago v. Int’l College of Surgeons*, 522 U.S. 156, 173 (1997) (emphasis added) (quoting *Carnegie-Mellon Univ. v. Cohill*, 484 U.S. 343, 350 (1988)). The Court therefore orders Garcia to show cause in writing why the Court should exercise supplemental jurisdiction over the state law claims asserted in the Complaint. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a).

In responding to this Order to Show Cause, Garcia shall identify the statutory damages she seeks to recover. Garcia and her counsel shall also support their responses to this Order with declarations, signed under penalty of perjury, providing all facts necessary for the Court to determine if they satisfy the definition of a “high-frequency litigant” as provided by California Civil Procedure Code §§ 425.55(b)(1) & (2). Garcia **shall file her response to this order no later than November 3, 2023**. The Court further sets a hearing regarding this Order to Show Cause on **November 17, 2023, at 1:00 PM** via Zoom.¹ Failure to timely or adequately respond to this Order may, without further warning, result in the dismissal of the entire action without prejudice or the Court declining to exercise supplemental jurisdiction over the state law claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a).

IT IS SO ORDERED.

¹ The Court refers the Parties to Judge Sykes’ website for details regarding hearings via zoom: <https://www.cacd.uscourts.gov/honorable-sunshine-s-sykes>.